## SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

OF 5 FOR COURT USE OF

**SUM-100** 

(SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL DEMANDADO): Gregory S. Walston The Waltson Law Group Does 1-50, Inclusive

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF:

(LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):

640 Octavia, LLC Edward Kountze

NOTICE! You have been sued. The court may decide against you without your being heard unless you respond within 30 days. Read the information below.

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your fase. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate the california courts on the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association. NOTE: The court has a statutory lien for waived fees and costs on any settlement or arbitration award of \$10,000 or more in a civil case. The court's lien must be paid before the court will dismiss the case. 

¡AVISO! Lo han demandado. Si no responde dentro de 30 días, la corte puede decidir en su contra sin escuchar su versión. Lea la información a continuación.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.sucorte.ca.gov), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales. AVISO: Por ley, la corte tiene derecho a reclamar las cuotas y los costos exentos por imponer un gravamen sobre cualquier recuperación de \$10,000 ó más de valor recibida mediante un acuerdo o una concesión de arbitraje en un caso de derecho civil. Tiene que pagar el gravamen de la corte antes de que la corte pueda desechar el caso.

The name and address of the court is: (El nombre y dirección de la corte es): San Francisco County Superior Court

400 McAllister Street San Francisco, CA 94102

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiff's attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is:

(El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es):

Jonathan Herschel Bornstein (SBN 163392)

2701 Telegraph Avenue, Suite 200

San Francisco, CA 94612-1715

Bornstein & Bornstein Law Group (510) 901-0010

DATE: (Fecha) JUL 1 5 2020

CLERK OF Stadle fand) HT

, Deputy (Adjunto)

(For proof of service of this summons, use Proof of Service of Summons (form POS-010).)
(Para prueba de entrega de esta citación use el formulario Proof of Service of Summons, (POS-010)).

	(SEAL) COURT OF
	OF SUREN
ĺ	
	OF SAN FRANCE
	OANTA

NOTICE TO	THE	<b>PERSON</b>	SERVED:	You a	re served

as an individual defendant.

2. as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify):

3.	on beh	alf of (specify):
	under:	CCP 416.10 (corporation)
	C	CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation) CCP 416.40 (association or partnership)
		CCP 416.40 (association or partnership)

CCP 416.60 (minor) CCP 416.70 (conservatee) CCP 416.90 (authorized person)

other (specify):

4. by personal delivery on (date):

Page 1 of 1

## OR'GINAL

	1 2 3 4 5	JONATHAN HERSCHEL BORNSTEIN (SBN 1633 BORNSTEIN & BORNSTEIN LAW GROUP 2701 Telegraph Avenue, Suite 200 Oakland, CA 94612-1715 Telephone: (510) 901-0010 Facsimile: (510) 560-3590 Email: jonathan@bornsteinlaw.com	San Francisco County Superior Court  JUL 1 5 2020  CLERK OF THE COURT					
×	6	Attorneys for Plaintiffs	BY: Kalene Molenis- Deputy Clerk					
	7	640 Octavia, LLC and Edward Kountze	Disputy district					
FAX	8							
> m	9	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA						
$\mathbf{m}$	10	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO						
94612 J	11	- UNLIMITED CIVIL JURISDICTION -						
	12 ·	- CIVIC CENTER COURTHOUSE -						
tioch, 0-560- nlaw.c	13	· ·						
1 Ave., Ste. 200, Antioch, CA 1001-0010 / Fax: 510-560-359 jonathan@bornsteinlaw.com	14 15	640 OCTAVIA LLC AND EDWARD ) KOUNTZE,	Case Number: <b>CGC</b> - 20 - 58 5 4 1 0					
Ave., St 901-0010 jonathan	16	Plaintiff, )	COMPLAINT FOR PERSONAL INJURIES, AND DAMAGES:					
elegraphele: 510 Email:	17	v. )	Breach of Contract;  Negligance including Negligance Pauling					
Tel Hell	18	GREGORY & WAISTON THE WAISTON ) 3. Breach of Fiduciary Duty;						
2701	19	LAW GROUP AND DOES 1 - 50, INCLUSIVE,	<ol> <li>Negligent Misrepresentation;</li> <li>Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress; and</li> </ol>					
	20	Defendants.	6. Negligent Infliction of Emotional Distress;					
	21							
	22							
	23	Plaintiffs 640 Octavia LLC and Edward Ko	ountze (hereinafter collectively "plaintiff") by this					
	24	complaint against defendants Gregory S. Walston, The Waltson Law Group, and Does 1-50, inclusive						
	25	(hereinafter collectively referred to as "defendant") hereby allege causes of action against defendant for						
	26	breach of contract, professional legal malpractice ar	nd breach of fiduciary duty, among other things, as					
	27	follows:						
	28							
	29							

#### **PARTIES**

- 1. For purposes of these pleadings only and no other, at all relevant times stated herein, plaintiff 640 OCTAVIA LLC is a State of Wyoming Limited Liability Company in good standing and authorized to conduct business in the City and County of San Francisco and State of California.
- 2. For purposes of these pleadings only and no other, at all relevant times stated herein, plaintiff **EDWARD KOUNTZE** is an individual, over the age of eighteen (18) years, and engaged in the actions alleged herein in the City and County of San Francisco and State of California
- 3. At all relevant times stated herein, each and every defendant was a resident of the City and County of San Francisco, and State of California and/or conducted business therein.
- 4. At all relevant times stated herein, defendant GREGORY S. WALSTON is an attorney licensed to practice law before all of the courts of the State of California. Mr. Walston State Bar License Number is 196776 and was admitted to the California Bar on November 23, 1998. Mr. Walston is, and at all times mentioned in this Complaint, was a resident of San Francisco County and State of California. Alternatively, at all relevant times stated herein, Mr. Walston was an owner, partner, manager, associate, employee, agent or worker of The Walston Law Work and conducted business in the City and County of San Francisco and State of California.
- 5. At all relevant times stated herein, defendant **THE WALSTON LAW GROUP** at all relevant times alleged herein is a California business entity, whose form is unknown. At all times mentioned in this Complaint, The Walston Law Group was formed, owned, operated and managed by Gregory S. Walston. It is the law firm of Gregory S. Walston. The Walston Law Group is, and at all times mentioned in this Complaint, based and headquartered in the City and County of San Francisco, and State of California.
  - 6. Plaintiff requests a jury trial.
- 7. Plaintiff is presently unaware of the true names and capacities, whether individual, associate, corporate, or otherwise of defendant DOES 1 through 50, or any of them, and therefore sue such defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will seek leave to amend this complaint to show the true names and capacities of such fictitiously named defendants when they have been ascertained. Plaintiff is

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

16

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

informed and believe and thereon allege that each of the defendants designated herein as a DOE is legally responsible in some manner for the acts, omissions, and events alleged herein and in each of the causes of action, and has proximately caused damages and injury to plaintiff as alleged.

#### ALTER EGO ALLEGATIONS

8. At all times mentioned in this complaint, each individually named defendant was and is the alter ego of each business entity defendant and that at all times herein mentioned there existed such a unity of interest in ownership between the defendants such that any separateness has ceased to exist between them because (a) the defendants commingled and used the assets of the other defendant(s) for defendant's own benefit and has caused the assets of the defendant(s) to be transferred between and among the other defendant(s) without adequate consideration; and (b) defendant(s) has exercised complete dominance and control over the other defendant(s), and its properties, such that the defendant(s) and its assets are mere shells and instrumentalities for the conduct of the personal business and activities of the other defendant(s). Adherence to the fiction of a separate existence would sanction fraud upon plaintiff and permit an abuse of the legal benefits of true business entities. Plaintiff alleges that each defendant is therefore liable for any judgment rendered against any other defendant, and each individual defendant is liable for any judgment rendered against any business entity defendant.

## JOINT AND SEVERAL LIABILITY OF DEFENDANTS

- 9. At all times mentioned herein each of the defendants named in the complaint, inclusive, were agents, servants, partners, joint venturers or employees of each of the remaining defendants and acting within the purpose, scope and course of that agency, service, partnership or employment, with the express or implied knowledge, permission and consent of the remaining defendants, and each of them, ratified and approved of the acts and omissions of the other defendants.
- 10. At all times mentioned herein, each defendant conspired with each other to commit the wrongful acts and omissions complained of herein. Although not all of the defendants committed all of the acts of the conspiracy or were members of the conspiracy at all times during its existence, each

defendant knowingly performed one or more acts in direct furtherance of the objectives of the conspiracy, and thus each defendant is liable for the acts of all of the other conspirators.

## JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 11. The Superior Court of the State of California for the County of San Francisco has proper personal jurisdiction over the parties to this action under Civil Procedure Code section 410.10 because each individual defendant is domiciled in San Francisco county, employed in said county, conducted business in said county, and each business entity defendant maintains its principal executive offices in said county.
- 12. The Superior Court of the State of California for the County of San Francisco has proper subject matter jurisdiction over this action under Civil Procedure Code section 88 because the amount of damages claimed exceeds this court's jurisdictional minimum amount.
- 13. Venue is proper in this court under Civil Procedure Code sections 395 and 395.5 because (a) the individual defendants are or were either domiciled or employed in the City and County of San Francisco and State of California, (b) the injuries that give rise to the causes of action took place in San Francisco county, and/or (c) the corporate and business entity defendants either maintain their principal places of business, or conduct business, in the City and County of San Francisco County and State of California.

#### FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

#### **Breach of Contract**

(Against all Defendants)

- 13. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in preceding paragraphs of the Complaint. Where any of the allegations in the referenced paragraphs of this cause of action conflict, the plaintiff re-alleges the conflicting allegations in the alternative.
- 14. On or about August 22, 2017, defendant agreed to represent plaintiff to enforce plaintiff's rights as owner and landlord of 640 Octavia Street, Unit No. 3, City and County of San Francisco, and State of California (hereinafter "Subject Premises"). The agreement was partially written and partially

order. Plaintiff also retained defendant to pursue and obtain possession of the subject premises pursuant to lawful process, including claims against the tenants and occupants of the subject premises Karl Heinz-Pieper and Jose Montoya, among others.

- 15. Plaintiff paid defendant all moneys demanded of plaintiff.
- 16. On or about August 22, 2017, defendant accepted said employment and agreed to perform all proper, necessary, standard, and reasonable legal services in compliance of the parties' agreement.
- 17. Plaintiff performed all conditions, duties, obligations and burdens of the agreement between plaintiff and defendant, except those where were excused.
- 18. Pursuant to the parties' agreement, on February 16, 2029, defendant commenced and pursued a breach of contract and nuisance action in the United Stated District Court for the Northern District of California, case 640 Octavia, LLC v. Karl-Heinze Piper and Does 1-45, inclusive, Case Number 3:18-cv-01047-WHA (hereinafter "Underlying Action"). (Exhibit A.)
- 19. Defendant breached the parties' agreement by pursuing a "federal eviction action" wherein there was no such thing, as compared to a California State Court Civil eviction action under California Code of Civil Procedure Secs. 1161, et seq.
- 20. Defendant also issued an eviction notice that was defective under the City & County of San Francisco: Residential Rent Stabilization & Arbitration Ordinance, Chapter 37 of the San Francisco Administrative Code (File #188-79; Ord. #276-79); Adopted: 6/13/79, and as amended.
- 21. Defendant failed to name all occupants and tenants of the subject premises in the *Underlying Action*.
- 22. Defendant also violated the parties' attorney-client relationship by failing to inform, advise or consult with plaintiff regarding filing the *Underlying Action* and keeping plaintiff informed about the status of the *Underlying Action*.
- 23. As a direct and proximate result of defendant's failures or omissions, plaintiff lost the ability to pursue, assert or go forward with plaintiff's claims and rights and recover damages as defendant agreed to do. Plaintiff loss the *Underlying Action* and suffered damages as a result, including a monetary

judgment against plaintiff. Defendant did not fully, completely or otherwise satisfy defendant's duties, obligations, promises and/or agreements made in the parties' agreement.

24. As a direct and proximate result of the defendant's breaches, plaintiff suffered discomfort and annoyance to plaintiff's general and compensatory damage. As a further direct and proximate result of defendant's breach of the contract as alleged, plaintiff has suffered damages in an amount to be proved at trial.

#### SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

## Negligence - including but not limited to Negligence Per Se

(Against all Defendants)

- 25. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in preceding paragraphs of the Complaint. Where any of the allegations in the referenced paragraphs of this cause of action conflict, the plaintiff re-alleges the conflicting allegations in the alternative.
- 26. Defendant was retained to represent plaintiff in the *Underlying Action* as plaintiff's attorney at law with respect to pursuing said action, among other retained matters.
- 27. Defendant accepted such employment and agreed to carefully, competently and diligently advise plaintiff and to perform said services for plaintiff.
- 28. At all times after accepting employment, defendant failed to exercise reasonable care and skill in advising plaintiff's available claims, causes of action, rights, obligations, limitations, remedies, and in undertaking to perform legal services for plaintiff. Defendant additionally failed to exercise reasonable skill and diligence in representing plaintiff in the *Underlying Action*.
- 29. Defendant negligently breached defendant's duty of care and counsel as herein alleged, including but not limited to those matters alleged herein and throughout.
- 30. Defendant, in defendant's conduct and/or omissions violated federal, state and local law, and by engaging in the acts and/or omissions as described herein and throughout, among others, violated an ordinance, rules of ethics, statute, regulation, law, and/or rule of a public entity which was adopted for the protection of a class of persons of which plaintiff is a member. Because of said violations, plaintiff suffered a harm which said laws were designed to prevent.

- 31. As a direct and legal result of the carelessness and negligence of defendant, plaintiff has been deprived of the full value of their claims alleged in the *Underlying Action*, among other things, to plaintiff's general and special damages in an amount according to proof at time of trial.
- 32. As a proximate result of the negligence of defendant and plaintiff has been damaged, including but not limited to losing the *Underlying Action*. Also, defendant's failure to name Jose Montoya, which permitted Jose Montoya to pursue a subsequent action, *Pieper, Montoya v. 640 Octavia, et. al,* San Francisco County Superior Court, Unlimited Civil Jurisdiction, Case Number CGC-18-571890, (hereinafter "SF Action") which has caused plaintiff to expend money and injured plaintiff.
- 33. By reason of the relationship between defendant and plaintiff, defendant owed plaintiff the duty to exercise reasonable care to enforce plaintiff's rights as owner and landlord of Subject Premises, which include the duties listed herein.
- 34. As a direct and proximate result of these breaches of duty by defendant, plaintiff suffered actual and special damages as listed herein and as prayed for below.
- 35. The aforementioned duties breached by defendant were breached with knowing and reckless disregard for plaintiff's rights, and therefore justify an award of substantial exemplary and punitive damages in an amount to be determined at trial.

### THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

Breach of Fiduciary Duty (Against all Defendants)

- 36. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in preceding paragraphs of the Complaint. Where any of the allegations in the referenced paragraphs of this cause of action conflict, the plaintiff re-alleges the conflicting allegations in the alternative.
- 35. By virtue of the attorney-client relationship that existed between defendant and plaintiff, defendant owed to plaintiff a fiduciary duty, and by virtue of plaintiff's having placed confidence in the fidelity and integrity of defendant and in entrusting defendant with representing plaintiff in the *Underlying Action*, including pursuing plaintiff's rights as owner and landlord of the Subject Premises, a confidential relationship existed at all times herein mentioned between plaintiff and defendant.

- 36. Despite having voluntarily accepted the trust and confidence of plaintiff with regard to the Subject Premises representing plaintiff in the *Underlying Action* and in violation of this relationship of trust and confidence, defendant abused the trust and confidence of plaintiff by placing the interest of defendant ahead of plaintiff's interest, including but not limited to failing to name all occupants of the Subject Premises in the *Underlying Action*, pursing a "federal" eviction action when no such thing existed, issuing and pursuing a defective and improper eviction notice, mishandling the *Underlying Action*, failing to comply with the parties agreement and agreements, all without any consideration of the consequences to plaintiff. Defendant also violated the relationship of trust and confidence by failing to inform plaintiff of plaintiff's right, obligations and duties to during the *Underlying Action* and in regards to the Subject Premises, among other things as more fully alleged herein and throughout, and incorporated by this reference as though fully alleged herein.
  - 37. Plaintiff reasonably relied on the defendant in view of their attorney-client relationship.
- 38. As a result of defendant's aforementioned breach of fiduciary duties to plaintiff, defendant gained the following advantage: plaintiff paid defendant money, plaintiff did not seek out and obtain competent legal services from another or other attorneys, among other things.
- 39. Defendant performed the acts herein alleged with the intent to deceive and defraud plaintiff, and defendant employed the following devices to conceal from plaintiff the fact that defendant intended to protect defendant instead of plaintiff in the *Underly Action* and as owner and landlord of the Subject Premises. Defendant performed these acts with the intent to induce reliance by plaintiff in the continuing fidelity of defendant as plaintiff's attorney.
- 40. As a proximate result of defendant's breach of fiduciary duties to plaintiff, plaintiff loss the *Underlying Action*, had judgment entered against plaintiff, paid attorneys' fees to pursue said action, among other things, all to plaintiff's damage. As a further proximate result of defendant's breach of fiduciary duty herein alleged, plaintiff incurred costs as attorney's fees to pursue the *Underlying Action* and the *SF Action*, will continue to incur fees with regard to said action and the claims sought therein.
- 41. In doing the acts and omissions herein alleged, defendant acted with oppression, fraud, and malice, and plaintiff is entitled to exemplary damages.

42. The conduct of defendant alleged herein was oppressive, fraudulent, malicious, and with conscious disregard of plaintiff's rights. Plaintiff is therefore entitled to punitive damages in an amount to be determined at trial.

#### **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

## Negligent Misrepresentation

(Against all Defendants)

- 43. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in preceding paragraphs of the Complaint. Where any of the allegations in the referenced paragraphs of this cause of action conflict, the plaintiff re-alleges the conflicting allegations in the alternative.
- 44. When defendant made these representations as alleged herein and throughout, defendant had no reasonable ground for believing them to be true in that defendant would perform all obligations related to their attorney-client relationship; that defendant would comply with all court orders; comply with all court procedures; keep plaintiff informed of the status of plaintiff's case; not waive any of plaintiff's substantial rights without first obtaining plaintiff's informed consent, attend all court hearings; file all claims, name all occupants of the Subject Premises in the *Underlying Action*, file all compulsoary and permissive cross-complaints; and preserve, protect and promote plaintiff's rights.
- 45. Defendant made these representations with the intention of inducing plaintiff to act in reliance on them in the manner hereafter alleged, or with the expectation that plaintiff would so act.

#### FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

## Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress

(Against All Defendants)

- 46. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in preceding paragraphs of the complaint. Where any of the allegations in the referenced paragraphs of this cause of action conflict, the plaintiff re-alleges the conflicting allegations in the alternative.
- 47. Plaintiff alleges on information and belief that the defendant's conduct and/or omissions, as specified above and herein was intentional, malicious and done for the purpose of causing plaintiff to suffer mental anguish, together with emotional and physical distress.

- 48. Said conduct abused defendant's position which gave defendant power to damage plaintiff's interests. Plaintiff further alleges on information and belief that defendant knew or should have known that plaintiff was particularly susceptible to injury through mental distress and acted unreasonably with the recognition the acts and/or omissions were likely to result in such illness.
- 49. Plaintiff alleges on information and belief that as a proximate and foreseeable result of the aforementioned conduct of the defendant, plaintiff suffered extreme mental anguish, together with emotional and physical distress, injuring plaintiff in mind and body, all to plaintiff's damage in an amount to be ascertained at trial.

### SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

## **Negligent Infliction of Emotional Distress**

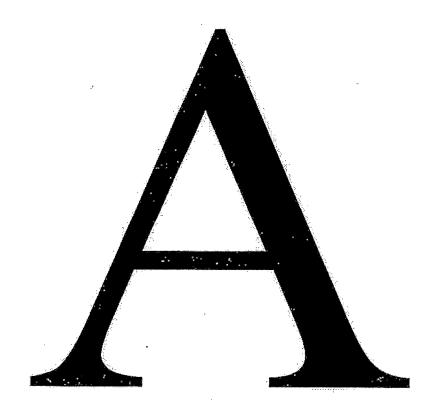
(Against All Defendants)

- 50. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in preceding paragraphs of the complaint. Where any of the allegations in the referenced paragraphs of this cause of action conflict, the plaintiff re-alleges the conflicting allegations in the alternative.
- 51. Plaintiff alleges on information and belief that defendant's conduct and/or omissions together, as specified above was negligent and had the foreseeable result of causing plaintiff to suffer mental anguish, together with emotional and physical distress.
- 52. Plaintiff alleges on information and belief that as a proximate and foreseeable result of the aforementioned conduct of defendant, plaintiff suffered extreme mental anguish, together with emotional and physical distress, injuring plaintiff in plaintiff's mind and body, all to plaintiff's damage in an amount to be ascertained at trial.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiffs 640 Octavia LLC and Edward Kountze pray for judgment against defendants Gregory S. Walston, The Waltson Law Group, and Does 1-50, inclusive for duties, obligations, representations, violation of laws, statutes, ordinances, agreements, interference with and

	I	A	* 4100					
	2		aintiff's rights, property, body, and mind, among other things and as alleged above, as					
	3	follows:						
	4							
	5	53.	Judgment for plaintiff and against defendant;					
	6	54.	Damages awarded to plaintiff in an amount proven at trial;					
	7	55.	Contract damages according to proof;					
	8	56.	For benefit of the bargain damages according to proof;					
	9	57.	For general damages according to proof;					
	10	58.	For special damages according to proof;					
94612	11	59.	For statutory damages, as permitted, and according to proof;					
CA 9	12	60.	• • •					
aw Gr ntioch, 10-560 inlaw.	13	61.	Interest on all such damages at the legal rate from the original date of harm proven to the					
tem La 200, Au Fax: 5 ornste	14		date of judgment;					
Borns , Ste. 3 010 / han@b	15	62.	Reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and expenses incurred herein as provided by contract,					
Dornstein & I Telegraph Ave., Tele: 510-901-00 Email: jonath	16		statute or law, if applicable;					
pornstein legraph A sle: 510-90 Email: jon	17	50.	For costs of suit herein; and					
2701 Te Te	18	51.	For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.					
Ø	19 20		Just man proper.					
	21	Dated:	July 15, 2020					
	22		BORNSTEIN & BORNSTEIN LAW GROUP					
	23		DOMASTEM & BOMASTEM LAW OKOUP					
	24							
	25							
	26		By: Marie Drosses					
	27		Jonathan Herschel Bornstein Attorneys for Plaintiffs					
	28		640 Octavia LLC and Edward Kountze					
	29							



Exhibit

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

8

	1)
1	Gregory S. Walston, State Bar No. 196776 THE WALSTON LAW GROUP A Professional Corporation
2	THE WALSTON LAW GROUP
	A Professional Corporation
3	Four Charlton Court San Francisco, California 94123
	San Francisco, California 94123
4	Telephone: (415) 956-9200
	Facsimile: (415) 956-9205
5	Telephone: (415) 956-9200 Facsimile: (415) 956-9205 Email: gwalston@walstonlaw.com
6	
١	ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF
7	

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

## NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

## SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION

640 OCTAVIA, LLC;

Plaintiff,

v.

KARL HEINZ-PIEPER, DOES ONE through FORTY-FIVE, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. 3:18-cv-1047

PLAINTIFF'S VERIFIED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES AND DECLARATORY AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

#### INTRODUCTION

Plaintiff 640 OCTAVIA, LLC, alleges as follows:

- 1. Plaintiff 640 OCTAVIA, LLC ("Plaintiff"), owns real property located in the City and County of San Francisco, located at 640 Octavia Street, which is a four-unit residential dwelling. Defendant KARL HEINZ-PIEPER ("Defendant") is Plaintiff's residential tenant. For the past several years, Defendant has violated his obligations to Plaintiff in the following ways:
- a. From approximately 11 p.m. to 3 a.m. for periods of days and weeks over the past year, Defendant has had unidentified, disheveled individuals going in and out of his unit

WALSTON LAW DROUP every ten to fifteen minutes. An individual will show up at the apartment building, call, text or just ring random buzzers in the building until they gain entry, and occasionally knock on the wrong unit doors once inside, all in an attempt to gain access to Defendant's apartment unit. Several minutes later, the individual will emerge from Defendant's apartment and leave. Several minutes after that, another individual will show up and the process repeats itself. The unidentified individuals have been observed trying to jimmy the locks to the building doors to gain entry, they threaten lawful occupants of the premises, wander around the building and knock on doors of lawful residents and make threatening remarks to them. Some litter empty beer cans on the ground and stub cigarettes out on the floor and walls, despite it being a No Smoking building. On other occasions, the unidentified individuals have threatened passersby on the street, thus creating a generally disruptive, hostile environment around the building.

Defendant has been warned on numerous occasions, both verbally and in writing to cease this behavior. He instead offers belated excuses, limits the behavior for a few days, and then it inevitably resumes. This conduct disrupts the quiet enjoyment of the other residents in the premises, creates a clear threat to safety and security in the building, and is now so unsafe that Plaintiff will not rent out further units until Defendant's conduct is abated.

b. On information and belief, Defendant is handing out copies of keys to the building to multiple unidentified individuals, also in violation of his lease agreement.

## PARTIES AND JURISDICTION

- Plaintiff is a Wyoming Limited Liability Company.
- 3. Defendant is a natural person, residing and domiciled in the State of California, in the City and County of San Francisco.
- 4. DOES ONE through FORTY-FIVE, inclusive, are individuals, businesses or other entities responsible for the acts and omissions alleged in this Complaint. Plaintiff is presently unaware of the identities of DOES ONE through FORTY-FIVE, inclusive, and therefore identifies them with fictitious names until their true identities are revealed.
- 5. This matter involves over seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000) in controversy, stemming *inter alia* from the lost rent in connection with Plaintiff's inability to rent two units

because of excessive safety risks. The value of those units alone is \$3,500-\$4,500 per month each, and they have been vacant for over a year. Therefore, this Court has jurisdiction over this matter under 28 U.S.C. Section 1332.

6. All rights and remedies sought in this Complaint are sought under California law.

#### **BACKGROUND**

- 7. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and realleges all above allegations.
- 8. On or about September 9, 1993, Defendant signed a residential lease agreement ("Lease") for the apartment unit known as Apartment 3 at 640 Octavia Street in the City and County of San Francisco, California. (See Exhibit 1). The Lease was for a period of one year, but became a month-to-month tenancy afterwards under San Francisco residential tenancy laws.
- 9. Specifically, paragraph 7 of the original 1993 Lease provides that "the premises are strictly used for residential purposes only, not as a place of business or commercial front, and for not more than one adult[] and none children." Either party may terminate this lease in the event of a violation. . . . ."
- 10. The Lease also requires Defendant to abide by the building's Rules and Regulations, which, *inter alia*, require Defendant to refrain from disturbing residents after 10 p.m., to refrain from having disruptive or threatening guests at any hour, and refrain from handing out any copies of the keys to the apartment building's front door.
- 11. The landlord's rights and obligations of this Lease have passed to Plaintiff under operation of law, and Plaintiff may enforce any and all of landlord's rights under this Lease.
- 12. In or around December 2016, ownership in the subject property was transferred to another individual named Edward Kountze, who, in turn, placed the property in the 640 OCTAVIA, LLC, in or around October 2017.
- 13. Upon acquiring the property in 2016, the new owner immediately noticed bizarre and unruly behavior related to Defendant's apartment unit. Specifically, almost every night, Defendant would invite and allow multiple unidentified individuals up into his apartment. This process would begin late at night around 11 p.m. and continue into the early morning around 3 a.m. More bizarre was the fact that no two individuals would be in the apartment at the same



2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

time, nor would they stay more than approximately ten minutes. In other words, one would enter the apartment, stay for several minutes, and leave. Then another would come up to Defendant's apartment. To add to the perplexity, the individuals do not appear to have anything in common. Some were old, some were young. Some were well-dressed, some were disheveled and appeared transient. This went on nearly every night, week after week and month after month, and continues to this day.

- 14. The aforementioned bizarre activities have caused significant and pervasive safety and security threats within the subject property. On many occasions, the unidentified individuals going in and out of the Defendant's apartment threatened lawful occupants of the apartment building. They often wander around the building, knocking on the doors of the other lawful occupants. They attempt to open locked building doors. Even once they leave, the problem continues. They accost passersby on the street and attempt to start fights. They yell at and threaten random law abiding people, including neighbors. They generally create a disruptive and hostile environment in and around the entire property.
- 15. On information and belief, Defendant has also handed out copies of keys to the front door of the apartment building to multiple unidentified third parties. This allows multiple people with no legitimate reason to have access inside the apartment building to enter the building at their will, thus causing further severe safety and security problems at the subject property.
- 16. As a result of Defendant's aforementioned conduct, there have been recurrent and ongoing disturbances, threats, and various other safety problems at the subject building. At this point, two of the four units in the building are vacant, and Plaintiff cannot rent them because of concerns that the building is not safe. Further, the only other building occupants - Mr. Kountze and his partner - are frequently subject to the aforementioned threats and disturbances, and often do not sleep at the building because of them. Plaintiff's inability to rent the vacant units - each of which have a market value of \$3,500- \$4,500 per month - has caused severe economic hardship in light of the fact that the Plaintiff is responsible for paying a significant mortgage on the building. If Plaintiff is unable to resolve the issues alleged in this complaint and make the building profitable, Plaintiff may lose the building altogether.

- 17. Plaintiff has given several verbal and written warnings on Defendant demanding him to quit each violation alleged above. Plaintiff has further served written legal notices on Defendant, demanding that he cease and desist in engaging in, or otherwise causing each and every act alleged above. Each time, the various period to cure the aforementioned violations has lapsed without Defendant curing, or even improving, the aforementioned violations.
- 18. On November 22, 2017, Plaintiff served Defendant with a written warning about his lease violations. Defendant responded by belatedly apologizing for activities that had occurred in August and September of 2017. However, the nuisance continued. On December 15, 2017, Plaintiff served Defendant with a Three-Day Notice to Quit or Cure for his nuisance violations. Defendant never responded.
- 19. Instead, in an effort to escape detection, Defendant switched to having these random strangers enter his apartment though the building's garage door which leads to stairs going up to Defendant's unit. However, this behavior is still disruptive, as other lawful occupants can hear the garage door activity all night long and still do not feel safe.
- 20. Given the unrelenting, continuous nature of Defendant's violations, and that Defendant has made no efforts to cease the behavior, only offer empty placations, and limited reprieve, Plaintiff served Defendant with a Three-Day Notice to Quit on January 29, 2018. (See Exhibit 2). Defendant has thus far failed to vacate the premises, so Plaintiff now brings this action.

## FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

#### AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

#### UNLAWFUL DETAINER

- 21. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and realleges all above allegations.
- 22. Plaintiff owns the subject property known as 640 Octavia Street in the City and County of San Francisco, California.
  - 23. Defendant rents the subject property from Plaintiff.
- 24. In 1993, Plaintiff's predecessor landlord signed a Lease with Defendant. Having acquired to property from the predecessor landlord, the rights and responsibilities of the lease have

1

3 4

5

6

7 8

9

10

12

13

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26

27

28

passed to Plaintiff under operation of law. Under the Lease agreement as well as implied covenants under applicable law - Defendant was required to:

- a. Refrain from violating the building's Rules and Regulations, which, inter alia, preclude him from disrupting other tenants after 10 p.m., having threatening or disruptive guests at any time;
- b. Refrain from handing out copies of the keys to the building.
- As discussed above, Plaintiff properly gave Defendant all legally required notices 25. demanding that he quit the aforementioned violations.
  - Despite the aforementioned notices, the aforementioned violations remain uncured. 26.
- 27. Defendant was properly served with a Three-Day Quit notice on January 29, 2018, in accordance with California Code of Civil Procedure Section 1161(4).
  - 28. Defendant is still occupying the property.
- 29. Plaintiff is therefore entitled to an order evicting Defendant from the subject premises.

## SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS BREACH OF CONTRACT

- 30. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and realleges all above allegations.
- In 1993, Plaintiff's predecessor landlord signed a Lease with Defendant. Having 31. acquired to property from the predecessor landlord, the rights and responsibilities of the lease have passed to Plaintiff under operation of law.
  - 32. Under the Lease agreement – Defendant is required to:
    - Refrain from violating the building's Rules and Regulations, which, inter alia, preclude him disrupting other tenants after 10 p.m., having threatening or disruptive guests at any time;
    - b. Refrain from handing out copies of the keys to the building.

4

8

19

23

24

2526

27

33. As discussed above, despite numerous verbal and written warnings and notices, Defendant has willfully violated each of the provisions in the above paragraph by engaging in the acts and omissions alleged above.

34. Defendant is therefore liable to Plaintiff for breach of contract in an amount subject to proof.

#### THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

## AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

#### PRIVATE NUISANCE

- 35. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and realleges all above allegations.
- 36. Plaintiff owns the subject property.
- 37. Defendant, by acting or failing to act, created a condition or permitted a condition to exist that was harmful to safety, was indecent or offensive to the senses, and was an obstruction to the free use of property, so as to interfere with the comfortable enjoyment of life or property.
- 38. This condition, random strangers entering the building during the middle of the night for days and weeks on end, buzzing and knowing on the wrong doors, threatening tenants and neighbors, interfered with Plaintiff and its tenants use or enjoyment of the subject property.
  - Plaintiff did not consent to Defendants' conduct.
- 40. An ordinary person would be reasonably annoyed or disturbed by the aforementioned conduct.
- 41. Plaintiff was harmed. Its tenants were barred from the quiet use and enjoyment of the property. Further, Plaintiff was unable to rent vacate units due to the safety concerns caused by Defendants' nuisance.
  - 42. Defendants' conduct was a substantial factor in causing Plaintiff's harm.
  - 43. The seriousness of the harm outweighs any public benefit.
- 44. Thus, since Defendant has created this nuisance by allowing his guests to behave in this manner and doing nothing to meaningfully cease the disruptions and safety issues, Plaintiff asks that the Court order Defendant to abate such nuisance.

8

10 11

12

13

14

16

15

17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

2526

27

28

45. Because Defendant engages in this disruptive behavior willfully and maliciously, to the extent that it is preventing Plaintiff from renting out its other units, Defendant is also entitled to punitive damages pursuant to California Civil Code section 3294(a) in an amount to also be proven at trial.

#### **DECLARATORY RELIEF**

- 46. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and realleges all above allegations.
- 47. There exists a dispute between the respective parties regarding the lawfulness of the conduct alleged above. This dispute is ripe for review and, until resolved by judicial review, will go unremedied.
- 48. Based on the aforementioned allegations, Plaintiff is entitled to a declaratory judgment against Defendant resolving the lawfulness of each and every of Defendants' acts and omissions alleged herein.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Plaintiff prays for judgment as follows:

- 1. For an order evicting Defendant from the subject premises forthwith;
- 2. For a permanent injunction precluding Defendants from engaging in the conduct alleged herein.
  - 3. For special and general damages in an amount to be proven at trial;
  - 4. For punitive damages against in an amount to be proven at trial;
  - For equitable damages, restitution and disgorgement subject to proof;
  - 6. For all other relief the Court deems just and proper.

Dated: February 16, 2018

THE WALSTON LAW GROUP

Gregory S. Walston Attorneys for Plaintiff

- 8 -

**DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** 

Dated: February 16, 2018

THE WALSTON LAW GROUP

Gregory S. Walston Attorneys for Plaintiff

-9-

Case 3:18-cv-0 7-WHA Document 1 Filed 02/16 Page 10 of 17

## **VERIFICATION**

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the foregoing and that it is true and correct and based on my personal knowledge, except those paragraphs made on information and belief, and with respect to those paragraphs, I believe them to be true. Executed February 16, 2018, in Penyler, Colorado, U.S.A.

Edward Kountze, for Plaintiff 640 OCTAVI

EX OK)

Plaintiff's Complaint

- 10 -

# EXHIBIT 1

# Case 3:18-cv-01-47-WHA DOCHER PART Filed 02/16/16 Page 12 of 17

	(1914 PRIVER THE CHICAGOS TO DE W TERRITA DITIONAL REFEREN	
l. '	This LEASE, made this 9th day, September.	19 <u>93</u> ,
	between Lessor, Bob Dare,	and
	Lessee(s), a) Mr. Karl-Heinz Pieper b)	
	for the Premises described as, Apt. #3, 640 Octavia Street	, S.F., CA.
	The Term of this lease shall be My 464 (fyr.), commencing on September 10, 19 3, and terminating September 10 termination date, at lessor's written consent, lesso will run "month	
3.		610,00 fp. payable in
	somey order from a local Son Francisco or California bank or savings payment for rent can be made in coins or currency valued under one do be paid without any offset or prior demand on or before the first day month, with a inte fee of from Dollars (\$150) for rent received (3 days) from the first of each month, plus from Dollars (\$60) for lessee for any reason is responsible for bounced or invalid checks re and shall pay the lessor immediately upon notification, the bank's fee of filtra Dollars (\$60). Lessee is liable for demages caused to it or invalid check under California Civil Code 1719, which can be three the check or One Nundred Dollars, whichever is greater.	institution. No liar. The rent will (lst.) of each after Thest days reach day thereafter turned for nonpayment e plus a handling fee essor from a bounced times the amount of
4.	Lessee has deposited with Lessor Nill funded fifty I security for the full and faithful performance of each and every term this lease. If Lessee defaults in respect to any terms of this lease, limited to the payment of rent, repairing any damages created, created disturbing the enjoyment of others, performing unlawful acts, failing the premises and property in a sanitary or broom swept condition; her apply the whole or any part of the security deposit to recover for comey consider any property left on the premises to be abandoned and must be be abandoned and	including but not ing noise, waste, to clean or leave sor may retain or sats incurred. Leasor by dispose of it if and or all remaining laws), with a liet
	Lessor will maintain and repair the building structure and public or is responsible for clogged or stopped-up plies or drains if evidence matter is revealed, or if strainers that are provided are not kept is being used. Lessee will be responsible for damages caused by neglige guests or invitees. Lessee will not alter, remodel, install or paint prior written consent from the Lessor. A service charge may be inclucertain repair or maintainence work is performed by the Lessor or his of the Lessee, except for those repairs to the building electrical, plumbing, structural integrity and mechanical aspects. Lessee is experioral ordinary care necessary in the premises for day to day living	of hair or other of place or were not nee, or caused by his the premises without ded to the lessee if a agent at the requesting, internal
	pay for his/her own basic utilities otherwise and phone usage.	Lessee will
7.	The premises are strictly used for residential purposes only, not as or commercial front, and for not more than <u>for</u> adults and <u>particle</u> knowledges the receipt of the rules and regulations for the premises attached hereto. Lessee further acknowledges he/she has read the sau them, and shall abide said rules and regulations. Initial ()	ildren. Leasee ac- , a copy which is e and understands
8,	No pets are allowed in or on the premises, or any other flying, craw valking creature or thing (Homo sapiens excluded) except for More pet prohibition is considered a substantial breach of this lease. The essence,	- Violetian of this
9.	Lessee has examined the premises and all furniture and fixtures and being clean and in good order, condition and repair. An attached co move-in checklist.	accepts the same as py will be used as a

- hibited from the use of the building components. Lessee und his guests of invitees expressly and absolutely absolves Lessor or owner and his agents from all Hability from any personal injury or negligence. Lessee agrees at his sole cost to keep and maint his/her premises in a condition safe and free from dangerous situations, and to use ulmost in ordinary care in doing so. Lessee agrees to pay or repair for damages caused by his/her guests or invitees, whether due to negligence or misuse.
  - II. In the event the premises become uninhabitable during the term of this lease, either party may terminate this lease upon not less than 30days written notice. If Lessee aboudons or vacates the premises without written notice, Lassor may terminate this lease and enter the premises to make repairs, inspect or re-market the premises. Lessor will give written or verbal notice of intention to enter the premises in advance. Lessee will upon not less than 24hours notice, allow the bessor or owner and his agents or clients to enter the premises to make arranged repairs or necessary repairs, to show clients and prospective tenants, purchasers, encumbranchers or the like. In an emergency, Lessor or his agent may enter the premises at any time without first securing prior permission from Lessee, for the sole purpose of securing, repairing, alleviating or inspecting e condition(s) that is hermful, dangerous or hazardous, perilous to the building or occupants of the building. Lessor will make every attempt to enter the premises with a bonafide witness such as a tenant, fireman, policeman, or repairman, and Lessor will gi written notice of entry during Lessee's absence, Lessor will respect the rights and use of Lessee's piece of residence.
  - 12. Door locks to the spartment doors may be changed at the Lessee's own expense. A key must be provided to the Lessor at all times for emergency or repair purposes. Upon move out all door locks must be restored to their original condition, and any damages to the door or hardware parts must be borne by the Lessee.
  - 13. Lessee may not assign any part of this lease, or let or sublet any part of this le. and its premises. Premises are for the exclusive use of the Lessee under agreement. Either party may terminate this lease in the event of a violation of any provision of
  - 14. If lessee is unable to take occupancy of the premises because the present tenant has falled to vacate, rent will be reduced or pro-rated for this period.
  - 15. Additional terms and condition:
    - n) No parties (dinner guests excepted), loud music, dancing, waterbeds or pets. b) No poster hanging or materials of any kind (political, business) are to hang on the windows visible to the streets below.
    - c) No nalls, screws or other objects are to be driven into the walls, floors or ceili
    - d) Lessee shall change the battery in the smoke detector as needed.
    - e) Lessee shall wrap all garbage into plastic bags with a tie wrap for disposal. f) Overnight guests staying more than two nights requires consent from the Lessor. Guests staying more than two nights can be revoked by Lessor anytime or Lessee must pay an additional fifteen dollars (\$15.00) per night per person.

• • •		• •	Que her help	O11.	
16. Lessee is to pay rent as follo					
Carlina's CL # 8009192447	watmove-in re	nt)	- 1 1		
3 02 1 800 1192 9-97	(\$ <i>1</i> 5 >>> o	z۸	Date 9/8/43		
	( ) 4	-,	Date 1-1-3		
	(\$i	)	Date		
94	<b>(.</b> \$	1	Date		
The rent is made payable to: E	lah Dave	,			
""" CAN NE DEDOGLEAT SEAL AL	11 111 11	4 22 4	. 1 0/		-
A) legge te rue and I	1 pox popy por	640 W	etavia H		
g) lessee is responsible for est expers que h) keys are to be retained for lesse's it defined for lesse's	have they been a		17 1	<b>-</b> / 1	
allowed Print changes on 1 d	וו אפשו ווצייון וריי	we-in	ent and during time	MCU . No huz	delac. ma
(c) Keye on the Line of the	humbel weste par	locks).	1	1 0	-104-2 3 . 1.29
in delay is the recurrent for lessue c	we only hillians		PI = l + IF	1 .	, '
1 1 1 1 course or other budgetile cla	ביי לוויקי שוני שוני	war er	1295 to invited que	eki men e Lin	Choose to
The states the of smooth is	<i>m</i> .		1	- 17 Sign	unsec se
h) keys are to be relianced for lesses it desires existing or other properties cly Lock security for of 20.00 Charles	Milles ) doe for	All M	Anka a coickness		
ine underginged tonant		·			
om received a conv harase		i gateri	end the Foregot	The facility of the	
Building front door key received Apt. door key(s) received Lost key charge:	one street down		and Chouse	de lation fo	execut fou
Aut door bank abor key received	one gra	000			•
noor key(s) received	Jour De Land	gar	age door key A	~	•
Lost key charge: \$5.00 pe	y learning that the same of		Jbox key or	ت	
A Parison he	t key	los	t mallhox key:	ፈካው ነሳላ	
Lessor two bue				420,0U	-
		Datte	9/9/93		
Lessee S-8-13 Killa				_	•
lessee		Dute			
		35 .		_	
	<del></del>	Date			
$\mathcal{P}_{i-1}$ : 0	1			_	
Talling Stare of the		٠, .			
1 11 100 000	Melorgustel	1 1.	1 1 1		
No sell	7704	KH	welred)		
Raditions Chara.	111	- / -			
, while	quailable in	000	e!		
leaser to a	-u /k	Juli	€9 L.		
to perturn palution	12 Ot 1111	<i>! !</i>	1 . 1 - 1 /		
1.	ry * miner a	188 X 18	ribit Switch con	415-C AC 14.	_ <i>[[ (</i> ]
•	/		0	THE COLLEGE	C(Z)
			י לכל	Y 10 .	
- Packing space for one No additional Storage lessee to perform painting			1.52 . 1	CHAN.	

Case 3:18-cv-0\_\_ 7-WHA Document 1 Filed 02/16.\_\_ Page 14 of 17

MOTTOR OF CHANGE OF TENANCY TERMS. 640 Cetavia Street, street, Apt 3, San Francisco, CA. RE: San Francisco Residential Rent Board Annual Ront Increase And Interest Refund (A & B). You are nameby notified, in accordance with Civil Code Section 827, that 36 days after service upon you of this Notice, effective changed as follows. 2013, your tenancy of the premises will be A) SPREA Annual Increase Rate: 1.9 % Your rate: 1.9 % or \$17.42 Occility(s) Increase: 5 to 15 % Your rate: % or 5 - Capital Improvement Increase: % Your rate: % or 5 -Total Increase: \$ 17,42 Based on these figures, your <u>New Rent</u> is: (\$ 916,65 + 17,42) 2) 6.4% interest earned on security deposit of: \$ 950,00 Prom: 3/2012 to 3/2013 - L2 months-days - \$ 3.60 1. Credits: with SF well conservation low flow devices, This unit complies total besit or credit: 101 your March 2013 rent only, please add dieduct \$ 64.56 57.78 e 495.85 plus 57.78 992.05 C) Other Changes 1. SHOWE DETECTORS: Test your smoke detectors requiarly or contact. us for assistance. Tempering or removing your smoke detector is a violation, subject to repair costs and terminating this lease. 2. SMOKING HEREBY PROHIBITED: Per CA Health & Safety Code 41700: Smoking is hereby prohibited in any area of the premise, private and common, in building exterior and open areas, and is individual apartments. Violation of this code is subject to terminating this-lease-and a minimum \$900.00 or more cleanup fee, to shate any neighbor tobacco/smoking concerns.
Place conduct and fiture smake detector survey to Bob Dace Except as provided, all other terms of this tenancy remains on effect. We appreciate and thank you for your tenancy. 31 ADVICE REGARDING THIS NOTICE IS AVAILABLE FROM THE SAN FRANCISO RESIDENTIAL RENT STABILIZATION AND ARBITRATION BOARD

# EXHIBIT 2

## JANUARY 29, 2018 THREE-DAY NOTICE TO QUIT

(MAINTAINING A NUISANCE/ILLEGAL ACTIVITY)

TO: Mr. Karl-Heinz Pieper

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that at the expiration of THREE (3) days after service of this notice upon you, you are hereby requested to quit, and return possession of the premises now held and occupied by you at 640 Octavia St., #3, San Francisco, CA 94102.

The reason for terminating your tenancy is as follows:

You have received several prior warnings and written notices about nuisance, as well as a Three-Day Notice to Quit or Cure. You are committing or permitting to exist a continuous nuisance in the rental unit and to the common areas of the building containing the rental unit, and are creating unreasonable interference with the comfort, safety and enjoyment of any other residents of the building.

September 28-30, 2017:

On an ongoing and constant basis at all hours, including between the hours of 11pm and 3am, there was a parade of random people traveling in and out of the lessee's unit and fumbling around the building, disturbing the quiet and enjoyment of the other tenants. Some of the subjects inexplicably have keys (which were apparently given them by you), some forcibly access the building, and some stand outside ringing every doorbell to the building. All these individuals were apparently going to your unit. This is a violation of your rental agreement/lease and jeopardizes the safety of all residents.

October 1-31, 2017

Nearly every day at all hours, including between the hours of 11pm and 3am, there was a parade of random people traipsing in and out of the lessee's unit and fumbling around the building, disturbing the quiet and enjoyment of the other tenants.

There were been multiple occasions of strangers using keys to access the common areas of the building in order to go to your unit. This is a violation of your rental agreement/lease and jeopardizes the safety of all the tenants in the building.

November 17-19, 2017

Despite being on notice of the aforementioned violations, the inexplicable stream of strangers accessing the building continued, with strangers gathering outside, going inside (sometimes with keys), and going into your unit for 15 minutes or so before leaving. Some of the strangers even forcibly accessed the building, and some stand outside ringing every doorbell to the building.

December 10-17, 2017

Random strangers gathered outside late at night in a threatening manner and loudly rang ringing all of the buzzers in the building attempting to get into your unit and also trying to pick the locks to the front door to gain access.

December 24-28, 2017

Random strangers were coming into the building during all hours of the day and night, this time by accessing the back stairs to avoid being seen in the front of the building. This commotion was disturbing the tenant next door as well as a short-term tenant inside the building, who was frightened and had to lock himself inside his unit. He had difficulty sleeping due to the nightly disturbance and also felt unsafe due to the traffic of strangers going in and out of the building for apparently illicit purposes.

January 5-28, 2018

Approximately 35 strangers went in and out of the building, fumbling around the common areas before entering your unit. They stayed for a brief time, between 15 and 45 minutes, before leaving.

You have received a prior written Three-Day Notice to Quit or Cure about discontinuing this nuisance on December 15, 2017. Since you failed to heed this notice, pursuant to the San Francisco Rent Ordinance, Sections 37.9(a)(3) and 37.9(c), if you fail to vacate within THREE (3) days after service of this notice upon you, the undersigned will commence legal proceedings against you to 1) declare a forfeiture of your rental agreement/lease, 2) to recover possession of the premises, and 3) to recover damages for each day you occupy the premises after the periods covered by this notice and costs of suit.

Please refer to the San Francisco Rent Board if you desire further advice.

Dated: January 29, 2018

Greebry S. Walston
Attorney for 640 Octavia, LLC

The Walston Law Group Four Charlton Court San Francisco, CA 94123

T: 415-956-9200

Email: gwalston@walstonlaw.com

		2 GM-010
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Jonathan Herschel Bornstein (State Bornstein & Bornstein Law Group 2701 Telegraph Avenue, Suite 20 San Francisco, CA 94612-1715  TELEPHONE NO.: (510) 901-0010  ATTORNEY FOR (Name): 640 Octavia, LLC	) 00 FAX NO.: (510) 560-3590	San Francisco County Superior Court
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF STREET ADDRESS: 400 McAllister Street MAILING ADDRESS: 400 McAllister Street CITY AND ZIP CODE: San Francisco, CA BRANCH NAME: Civic Center Courth CASE NAME: 640 Octavia, LLC v. C	et et 94102 ouse	CLERK OF THE COURT  BY: Kalene Johnia
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Complex Case Designation	Dsputy Clerk
Unlimited Limited	Counter Joinder	CASE NUMBER:
demanded demanded is exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000 or less)	Filed with first appearance by defendant (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402)	DEP CCC - 20 - 585410
LL Items 1-	6 below must be completed (see instructions or	
1. Check one box below for the case type Auto Tort  Auto (22)  Uninsured motorist (46)  Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort  Asbestos (04)  Product liability (24)  Medical malpractice (45)  Other PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort  Business tort/unfair business practice (Civil rights (08)  Defamation (13)  Fraud (16)  Intellectual property (19)  Professional negligence (25)  Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)  Employment  Wrongful termination (36)  Other employment (15)  2. This case is is is not factors requiring exceptional judicial mara.  Large number of separately rep b. Extensive motion practice raisin issues that will be time-consum c. Substantial amount of documer 3. Remedies sought (check all that apply) 4. Number of causes of action (specify): 5. This case is is not	that best describes this case:  Contract  Breach of contract/warranty (06) Rule 3.740 collections (09) Other collections (09) Insurance coverage (18) Other contract (37)  Real Property Eminent domain/Inverse condemnation (14) Wrongful eviction (33) Other real property (26) Unlawful Detainer Commercial (31) Residential (32) Drugs (38)  Judicial Review Asset forfeiture (05) Petition re: arbitration award (11) Writ of mandate (02) Other judicial review (39)  complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rulnagement: resented parties d. Large number of ending to resolve in other counties in other counties in other counties atary evidence it a. ** monetary b. In nonmonetary; declar	Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.400-3.403)  Antitrust/Trade regulation (03) Construction defect (10) Mass tort (40) Securities litigation (28) Environmental/Toxic tort (30) Insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case types (41)  Enforcement of Judgment Enforcement of judgment (20)  Miscellaneous Civil Complaint RICO (27) Other complaint (not specified above) (42)  Miscellaneous Civil Petition Partnership and corporate governance (21) Other petition (not specified above) (43)  es of Court. If the case is complex, mark the witnesses in related actions pending in one or more courts of the states, or countries, or in a federal court of the states, or countries, or in a federal court of the states, or countries, or in a federal court of the states, or countries, or in a federal court of the states, or countries, or in a federal court of the states, or countries, or in a federal court of the states, or countries, or in a federal court of the states, or countries, or in a federal court of the states, or countries, or in a federal court of the states of the states or countries, or in a federal court of the states of the
Date: 7/15/2020	Alles	Aso of
Jonathan Herschel Bornstein (SBN (TYPE OR PRINT NAME)	163392) (SIGNAT	URE OF PARTY OR A CORNEY FOR PARTY)
under the Probate Code, Family Code, in sanctions.  File this cover sheet in addition to any of this case is complex under rule 3.400 other parties to the action or proceeding.	et seq. of the California Rules of Court, you mu	of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result ust serve a copy of this cover sheet on all will be used for statistical purposes only.
Form Adopted for Mandatory Use CED*   Fesential	CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Page 1 of 2  Cal. Rules of Court, rules 2.30, 3.220, 3.400-3.403, 3.74

To Plaintiffs and Others Filing First Fapers. If you are filing a first paper (for example, a complaint) in a civil case, you must complete and file, along with your first paper, the Civil Case Cover Sheet contained on page 1. This information will be used to compile statistics about the types and numbers of cases filed. You must complete items 1 through 6 on the sheet. In item 1, you must check one box for the case type that best describes the case. If the case fits both a general and a more specific type of case listed in item 1, check the more specific one. If the case has multiple causes of action, check the box that best indicates the primary cause of action. To assist you in completing the sheet, examples of the cases that belong under each case type in item 1 are provided below. A cover sheet must be filed only with your initial paper. Failure to file a cover sheet with the first paper filed in a civil case may subject a party, its counsel, or both to sanctions under rules 2.30 and 3.220 of the California Rules of Court.

To Parties in Rule 3.740 Collections Cases, A "collections case" under rule 3.740 is defined as an action for recovery of money owed in a sum stated to be certain that is not more than \$25,000, exclusive of interest and attorney's fees, arising from a transaction in which property, services, or money was acquired on credit. A collections case does not include an action seeking the following: (1) tort damages, (2) punitive damages, (3) recovery of real property, (4) recovery of personal property, or (5) a prejudgment writ of attachment. The identification of a case as a rule 3.740 collections case on this form means that it will be exempt from the general time-for-service requirements and case management rules, unless a defendant files a responsive pleading. A rule 3.740 collections case will be subject to the requirements for service and obtaining a judgment in rule 3.740.

To Parties in Complex Cases. In complex cases only, parties must also use the Civil Case Cover Sheet to designate whether the case is complex. If a plaintiff believes the case is complex under rule 3,400 of the California Rules of Court, this must be indicated by completing the appropriate boxes in items 1 and 2. If a plaintiff designates a case as complex, the cover sheet must be served with the complaint on all parties to the action. A defendant may file and serve no later than the time of its first appearance a joinder in the plaintiffs designation, a counter-designation that the case is not complex, or, if the plaintiff has made no designation, a designation that CASE TYPES AND EXAMPLES the case is complex.

**Auto Tort** 

Auto (22)-Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death Uninsured Motorist (46) (if the case involves an uninsured motorist claim subject to arbitration, check this item instead of Auto)

#### Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/ Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort

Asbestos (04) Asbestos Property Damage Asbestos Personal Injury/ Wrongful Death Product Liability (not asbestos or toxic/environmental) (24) Medical Malpractice (45) Medical Malpractice-Physicians & Surgeons Other Professional Health Care Malpractice Other PI/PD/WD (23) Premises Liability (e.g., slip

and fall) Intentional Bodily Injury/PD/WD (e.g., assault, vandalism)

Intentional Infliction of **Emotional Distress** Negligent Infliction of **Emotional Distress** Other PI/PD/WD

#### Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort

Business Tort/Unfair Business Practice (07) Civil Rights (e.g., discrimination, false arrest) (not civil harassment) (08) Defamation (e.g., slander, libel) (13)Fraud (16) Intellectual Property (19) Professional Negligence (25)

Legal Malpractice Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal) Other Non-PI/PD/WD Tort (35)

#### **Employment**

Wrongful Termination (36) Other Employment (15)

#### Contract

Breach of Contract/Warranty (06) Breach of Rental/Lease Contract (not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction) Contract/Warranty Breach-Seller Plaintiff (not fraud or negligence)

Negligent Breach of Contract/ Warranty Other Breach of Contract/Warranty

Collections (e.g., money owed, open book accounts) (09) Collection Case-Seller Plaintiff Other Promissory Note/Collections

Case Insurance Coverage (not provisionally complex) (18)

Auto Subrogation Other Coverage Other Contract (37) Contractual Fraud Other Contract Dispute

#### Real Property

Eminent Domain/Inverse Condemnation (14) Wrongful Eviction (33) Other Real Property (e.g., quiet title) (26) Writ of Possession of Real Property Mortgage Foreclosure Quiet Title Other Real Property (not eminent domain, landlord/tenant, or

#### foreclosure) **Unlawful Detainer**

Commercial (31) Residential (32) Drugs (38) (if the case involves illegal drugs, check this item; otherwise, report as Commercial or Residential)

#### Judicial Review

Asset Forfeiture (05) Petition Re: Arbitration Award (11) Writ of Mandate (02) Writ-Administrative Mandamus Writ-Mandamus on Limited Court Case Matter Writ-Other Limited Court Case Review Other Judicial Review (39)

Review of Health Officer Order Notice of Appeal-Labor Commissioner Appeals

#### Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court Rules 3,400-3,403)

Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03) Construction Defect (10) Claims Involving Mass Tort (40) Securities Litigation (28) Environmental/Toxic Tort (30) Insurance Coverage Claims (arising from provisionally complex case type listed above) (41)

#### **Enforcement of Judgment**

Enforcement of Judgment (20) Abstract of Judgment (Out of County) Confession of Judgment (nondomestic relations) Sister State Judgment Administrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes) Petition/Certification of Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Taxes Other Enforcement of Judgment Case

#### Miscellaneous Civil Complaint

**RICO (27)** 

Other Complaint (not specified above) (42) **Declaratory Relief Only** Injunctive Relief Only (nonharassment) Mechanics Lien

Other Commercial Complaint Case (non-tort/non-complex) Other Civil Complaint

(non-tort/non-complex)

#### **Miscellaneous Civil Petition**

Partnership and Corporate Governance (21) Other Petition (not specified above) (43) Civil Harassment Workplace Violence Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse **Election Contest** 

Petition for Name Change Petition for Relief From Late Claim

Other Civil Petition

CM-010 [Rev. July 1, 2007]